Name	Class	Date
Launching the Nation		Section Qui
CH. 7 Review	\supset	Section
FILL IN THE BLANK Read e that best completes each sentence		with the word from the word pair
1. In 1789 the electoral college (John Adams/George Was	e selectedshington) as the first presiden	
2. As president, Washington e	stablished an important preced	dent by creating different
	(departments/cabinets) in	the executive branch for different
areas of national policy.		
3. As the very first First Lady (Abigail Adams/Martha Wher husband.		_ guests and attend social events with
4. In 1790 most Americans liv where they worked on farms		, (city/countryside)
5. An action or a decision that	later serves as an example is a	1
	(precedent/connection)	
6. Thelevels of federal courts with		iciary Act of 1789) created three
7. Most Americans wanted the	ir new government to improve	e trade and to
	(protect/support) them.	
8 The first capital of the Unite D.C./New York City)	d States was in	(Washington
9 In the late 1700s, only two c	ities in the United States had p	populations greater than 25,000—
New York and	(Philadelph	nia/Boston)
10 President Washington picked	d Alexander Hamilton as his s	ecretary of the treasury and
	_ (John Jay/Thomas Jeffers	on) as his secretary of state.

Name	Class	Date
Launching the Natio		Vocabulary Builder
		Section 2
DIRECTIONS Read each set the word pair that best con	entence and fill in the bland npletes the sentence.	k with the word in
value of the governmen	disagreed with the ident of bonds that they had bou on/Alexander Hamilton)	ea to pay speculators the full ght during the Revolutionary
2. Hamilton's view of the (loose construction /str	Constitution was called rict construction)	•
3. Congress chartered the role in making the U.S. (national debt/Bank of	economy more stable.	_ which played an important
that the value will rise. (are people who buy ite Bonds/Speculators)	ems at low prices in the hope
to take reasonable action (loose construction /str	ns that the Constitution do	allows the federal government es not specifically forbid.
5. People who favor eral government should of (loose construction /stri	do only what the Constitut	e Constitution believe the fed- tion says it can do.
7. The amount of money th	nat was owed by the United	l States was called the
	(national debt/Bank o	f the United States)
	ury who had to deal with t	the challenge of paying off the
(Thomas Jefferson/Alexa		
(Bonds/Speculators)	are certificates that repr	esent money.
. Thomas Jefferson's view o	of the Constitution was kno	own as
	(loose construction /st	rict construction)

Name	Class	Date	
Ivallic	Class	 Date	

Launching the Nation

Vocabulary Builder

Section 3

DIRECTIONS Match the terms in the first column with their correct definitions from the second column by placing the letter of the correct definition in the space provided before each term.

1. Battle of Fallen Timbers
 2. Edmund Genet
 3. French Revolution
 4. Jay's Treaty
 5. Little Turtle
 6. Neutrality Proclamation
 7. Pinckney's Treaty
 8. privateers
 9. Treaty of Greenville

10. Whiskey Rebellion

- **a.** private ships used to attack a nation's enemies
- **b.** The storming of the Bastille was one of the first acts of this event that also overthrew the king.
- **c.** where protesters refused to pay a tax and even tarred and feathered tax collectors
- **d.** where American Indians fought the U.S. Army; named for an area where many trees had once been destroyed by a tornado
- **e.** ended the frontier war and gave the United States right of entry to American Indian lands in the Northwest Territory
- **f.** France's new representative to the United States that asked American seamen to command privateers
- **g.** said that Spain agreed to change the Florida border and that Spain's government would reopen the port at New Orleans to American ships
- **h.** stated that the United States would not take sides with any European countries who were at war with one another
- i. led an American Indian group that defeated U.S. forces in the Northwest Territory
- **j.** signed by the United States and Great Britain; stated that the British would pay damages on seized American ships; the United States agreed to pay pre-Revolutionary debts it owed the British

Name		Class	Date
Launcl	ning the Nation		Vocabulary Builder
			Section 4
	DNS Read each sentence and fi pair that best completes the se		vith the word in
1. The p	president was allowed to remov	e foreign resider	nts he thought were involved
"in ar	ny treasonable or secret machin	ations against th	ne government" by the
· ·	. (Alien A	Act/Sedition Act)
utter	or publish" false or hostile word Act/Sedition Act)		
3. The b	ribe offer where French agents	made unreasona	able demands to U.S. diplo-
mats i	s called the	(Feder	calist Party/XYZ Affair)
(Feder	e members were called Republic ralist Party/Democratic-Republic nder Hamilton helped found th ng federal government. (Federa	blican Party)	
statement write the o	NS On the line provided before is true and F if a statement is forrect term on the line after eature statement.	alse. If the stater	ment is false,
6.	Groups that help elect people Sedition Acts.	and shape polic	ies are called the Alien and
7.	The Federalist Party helped Alfound the party, get elected pr		_
8.	The Republicans chose in 1790 candidates.	6 Thomas Jeffers	son and Aaron Burr as their

Name	Class	Date	
The Jefferson Era		Section Quiz	
			Section
EU L INITEIR DI ANICO			
completes each sentence.	each sentence. Fill in the blar	nk with the word from the word pair that	at best
1. In the presidential election	of 1800, Republicans Thoma	as Jefferson and	
	(Aaron Burr/John Ada	ms) each received the same number of	electoral
votes.			
2. The when Jefferson won on the		epresentatives) broke the tie in the elec	ction of 1800
3. Jefferson wanted to limit t	he powers of the national		
	(government/bank)		
4. The election of 1800 was i	mportant because it was the f	irst time that one	
	(political party/preside	nt) had replaced another.	
5. Under Jefferson, Congress Sedition Acts) to end.	allowed the	(Judiciary Act of 1789/A	Alien and
6. Even though he was against	st it in the beginning, Jefferson	n agreed to support the	
(Bank of the United State	·s/		
Confederation Congress)	that the Federalists had create	ed.	
7. Chief Justice	(William M	[arbury/	
John Marshall) wrote the other branches of governm		gave the Court the ability to check the p	ower of the
8	(Marbury v. Madison/Je	fferson v. Marshall) was an important	Supreme
Court ruling because it con	firmed the Court's power to d	leclare acts of Congress illegal.	
9. The idea of			
checks and balances) mad	e the judicial branch a much s	stronger part of the national governmen	nt.
10. As president, Jefferson beli	eved that the national government	ment should be	
	(strong/limited)		
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